

Reports of 96% genomic similarity between viruses are misleading without proper perspective.

Humans are at least 96% related to chimpanzees but remain vastly different.



T.S. MIKKELSEN 2005









Claims of disease from bats are often based on poorly supported speculation.



J. WENZEL

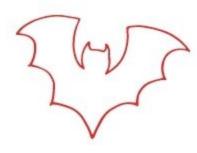
2020

S.J. PUECHMAILLE









Asking people to conserve bats because they are beneficial, while failing to counter exaggerated fear, is unlikely to improve conservation success.

Would you protect something you hate?











COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2), Ebola, SARS, and MERS have not been found in a bat, nor proven to be transmitted from a bat to a human, despite frequent speculation and intense searching.



K. KUPFERSCHMIDT

2021

K. XIAO ET AL

2020

E.I. AZHAR ET AL

2014

R.A. KOCK ET AL

2019

P.A. RACEY, B. FENTON, S. MUBAREKA, N. SIMMONS, M.D. TUTTLE









Fear of bats leadsto intolerance and killing.



M.D. TUTTLE









Bats harbor no more viruses than other animals.

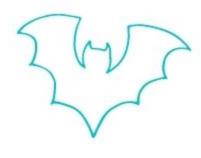


N. MOLLENTZE & D.G. STREICKER 2020









There is a long history of greatly exaggerated, often false, disease claims against bats.

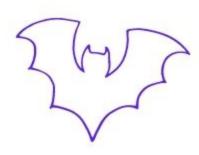


M.D. TUTTLE 2017









There are no confirmed cases of COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) transmission from bats to humans.



B. DO VALE 2021









Promises to predict future pandemics misdirect billions of dollars to virus hunting that is biased against bats and may better be invested in other public health priorities.

M.D. TUTTLE

MERLINTUTTLE.ORG





E.C. HOLMES, A. RAMBAUT, K.G. ANDERSEN

Y.Z. ZHANG, E.C. HOLMES

2020

2020



Bats have an undeniable history of living safely with humans without causing disease outbreaks.



M.D. TUTTLE 2013





